

Maths information evening

Number Sense: Developing
Mental Fluency

Mental Fluency in Mathematics- Herts for Learning video

<https://www.hertsforlearning.co.uk/news/mental-fluency-mathematics>

Why focus on number skills?

- When assessing we consider the following: understanding the number system, calculating, measurement, geometry and statistics.
- However, Herts for Learning place a strong emphasis on number skills suggesting that children should achieve 25-60% of certain number skills to achieve different phases.

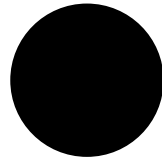
Our focus tonight

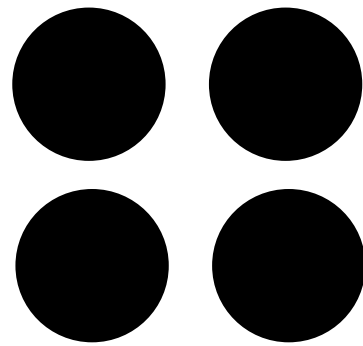
- ▣ Subitizing
- ▣ Number magnitude
- ▣ Mathematical strategies

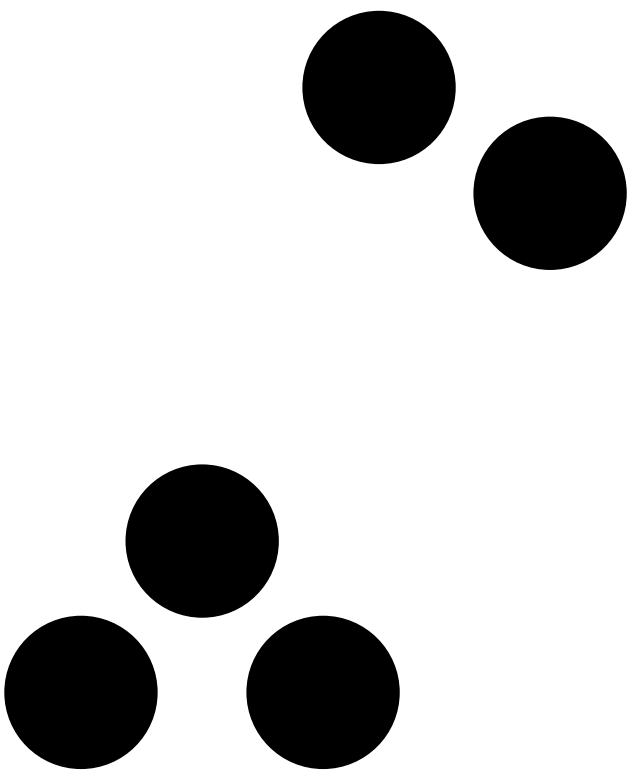
Say What You See!

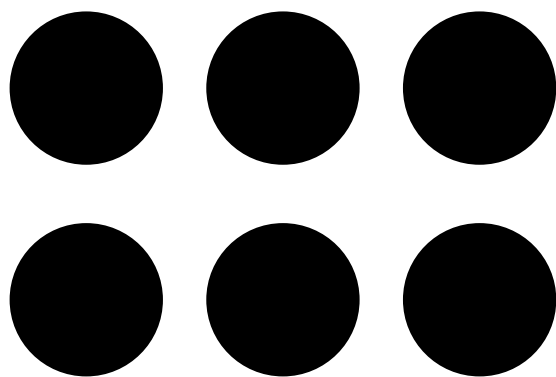


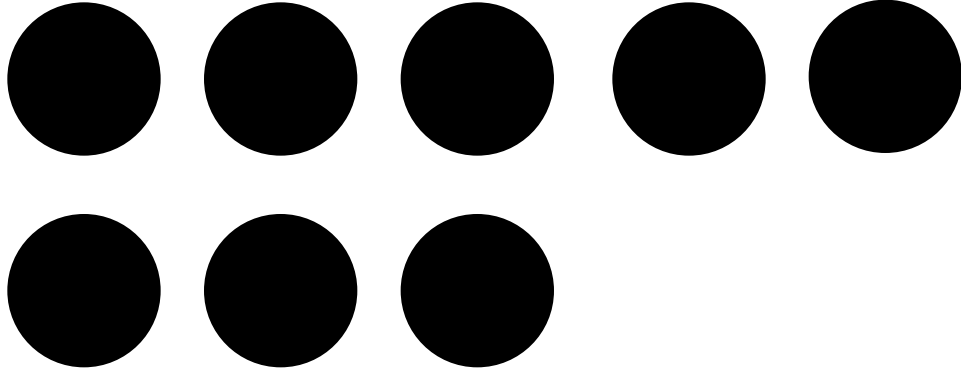
Begin

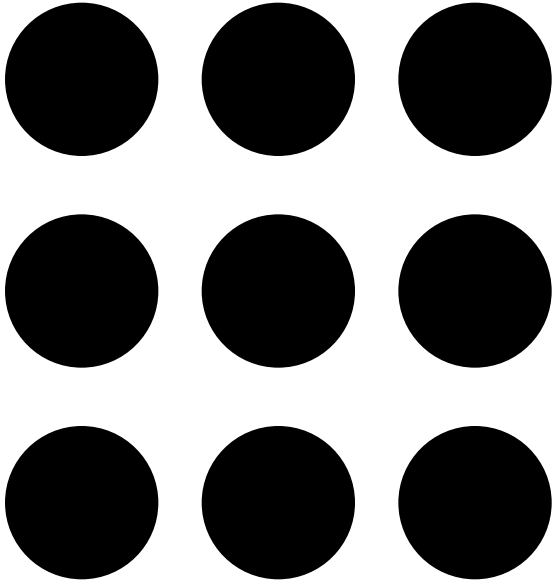


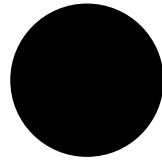


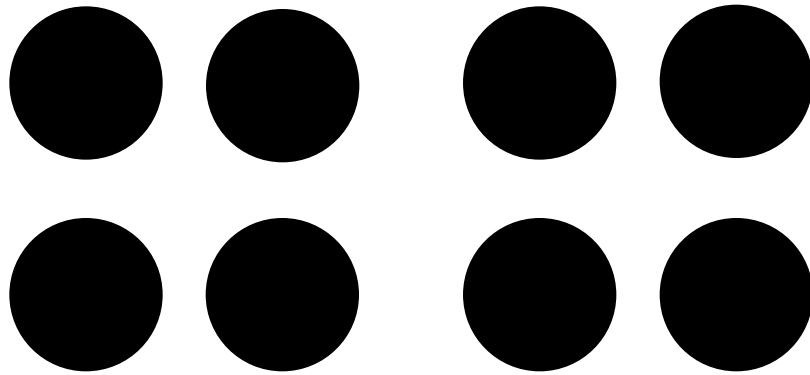


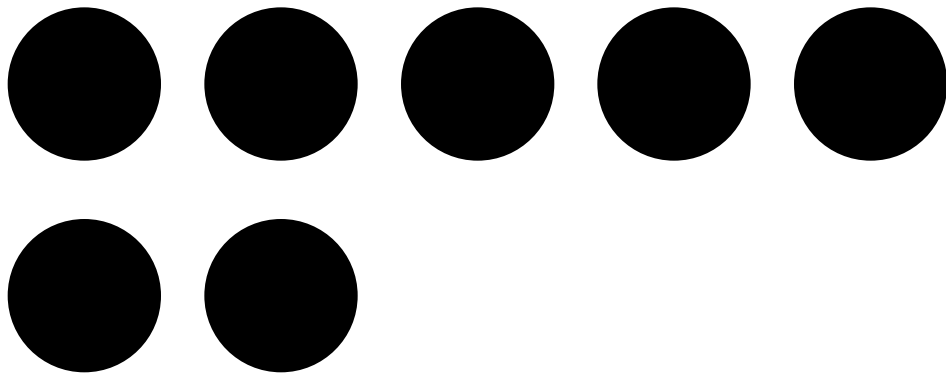


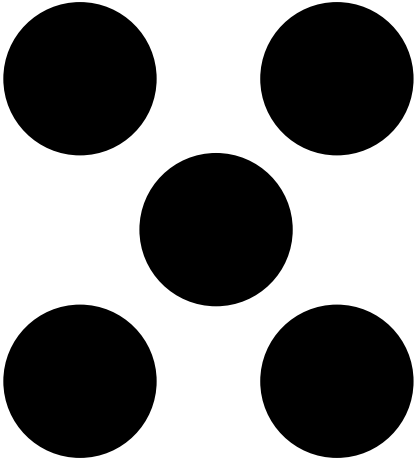


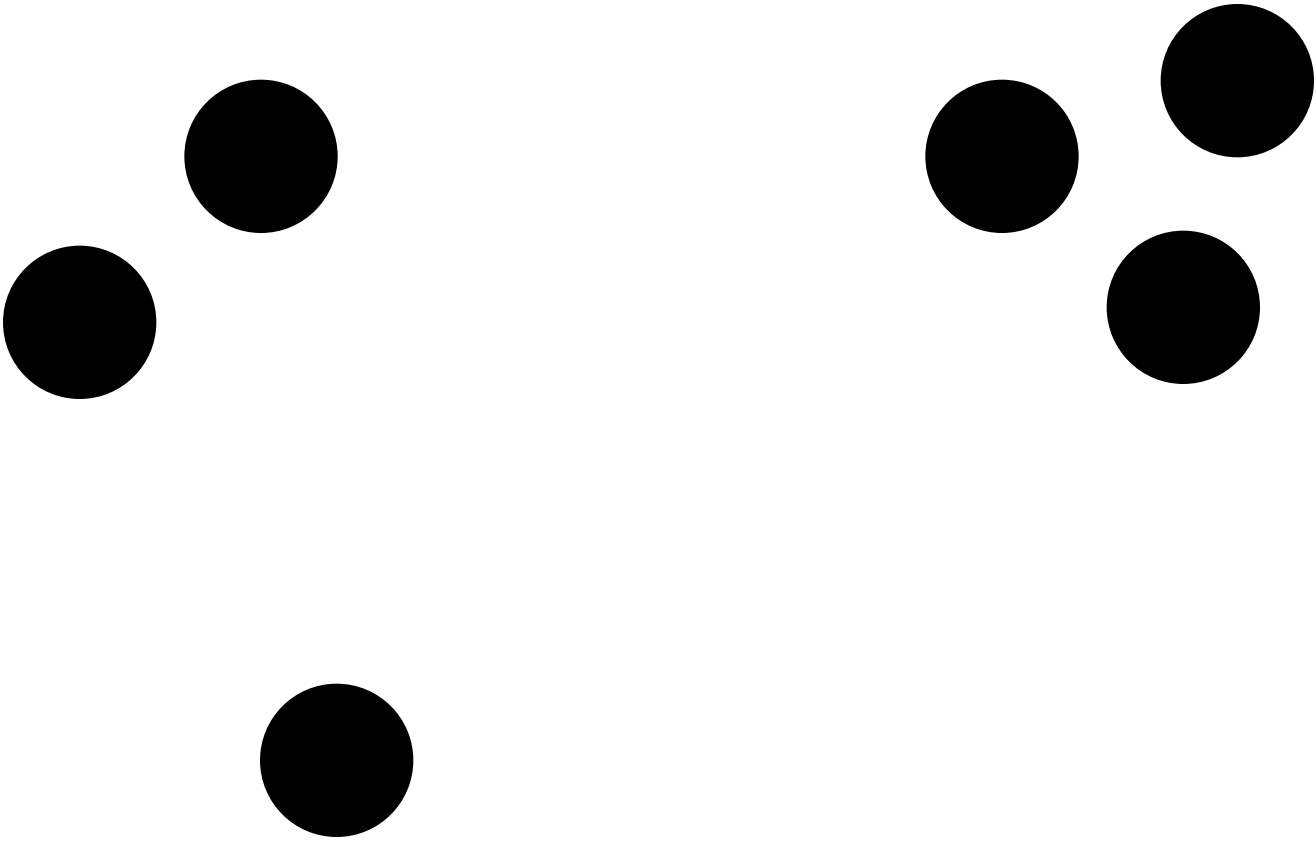


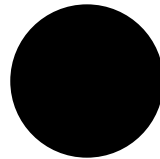
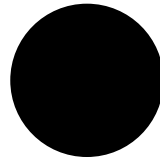


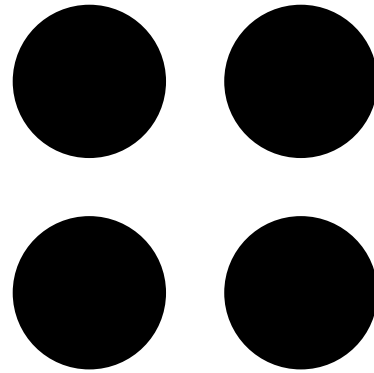
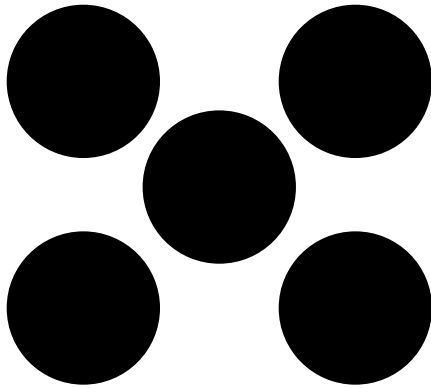


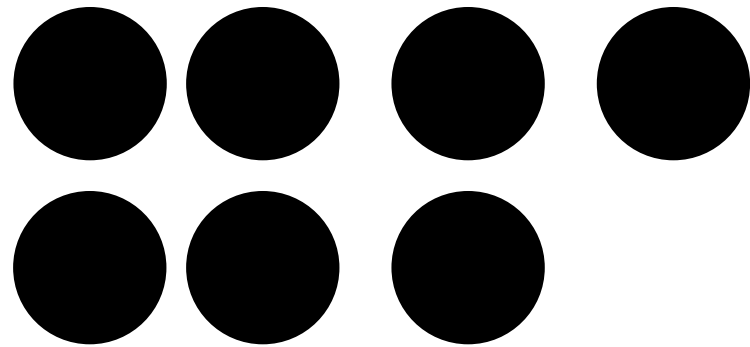


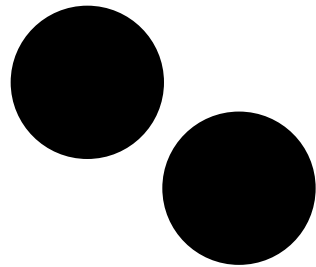
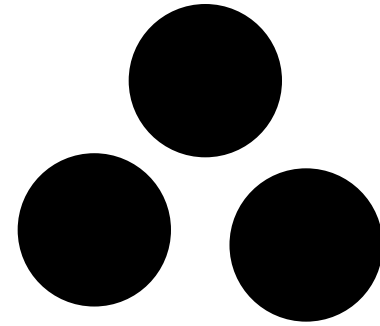
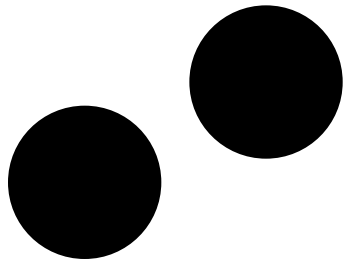


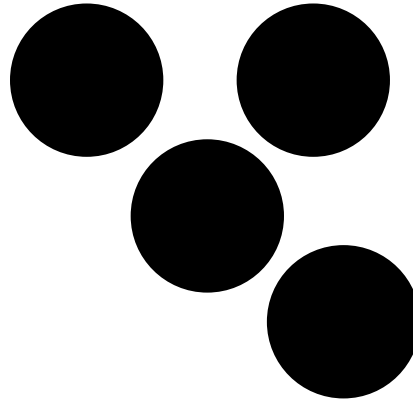
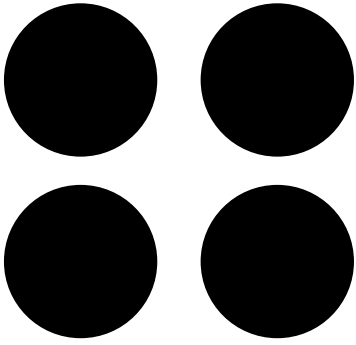


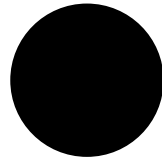


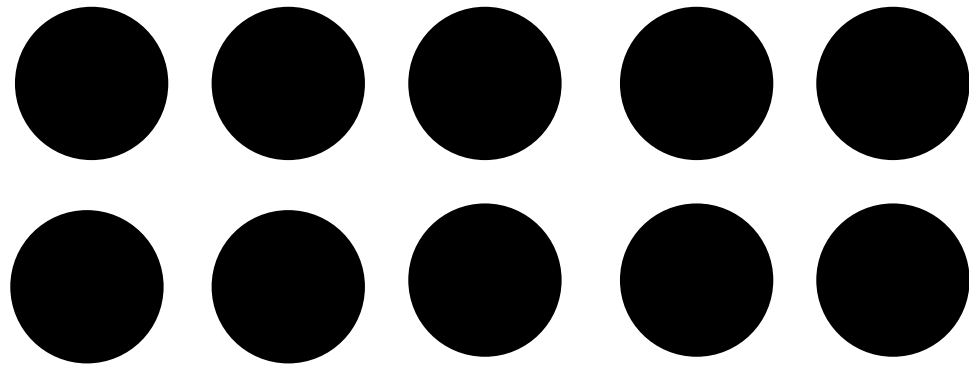


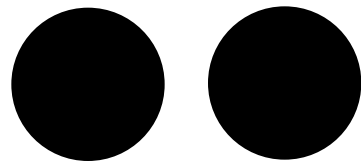
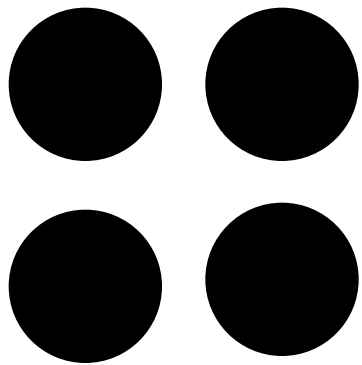


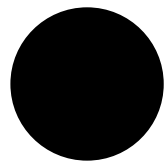
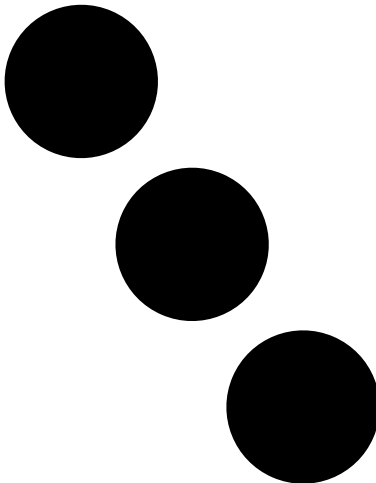
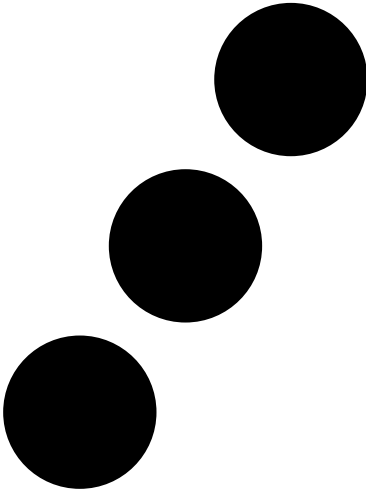














Subitizing

The power of the dot pattern!



Subitizing

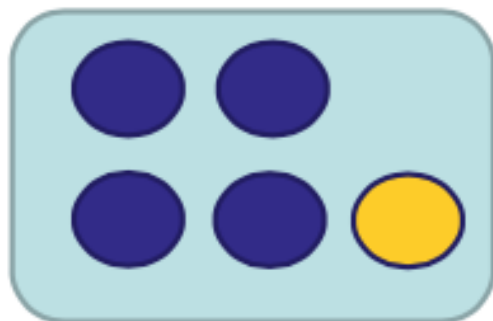
Concrete-Pictorial-Abstract

- Concrete – internalised action
- Pictorial – iconic with sensory imagery
- Abstract – symbolic with symbols e.g. numerals, which bear only an arbitrary relation to what they stand for.

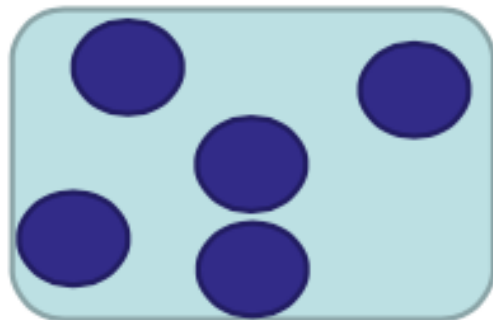
Developing early number sense



Familiar and structured dot patterns

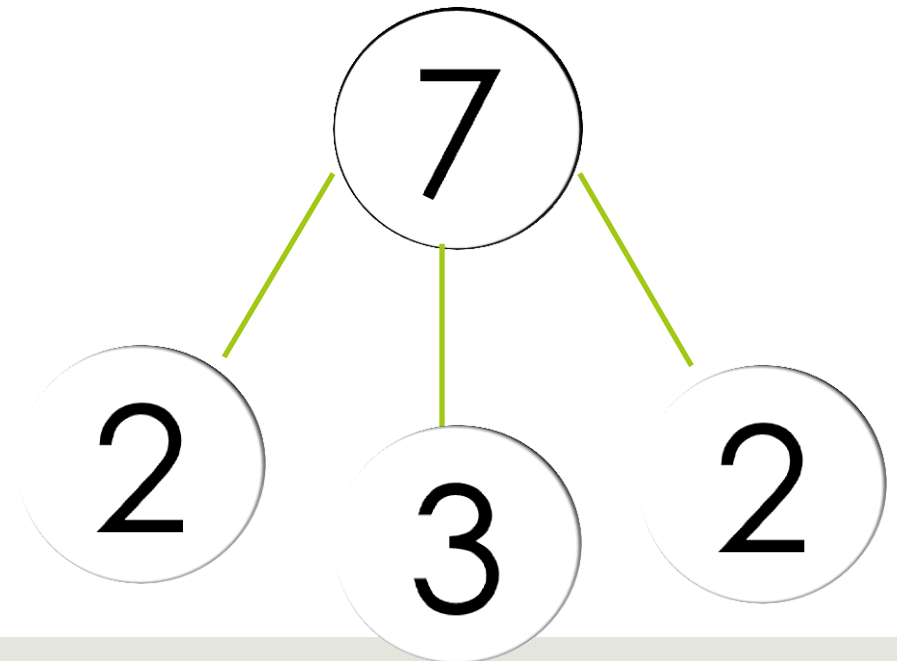
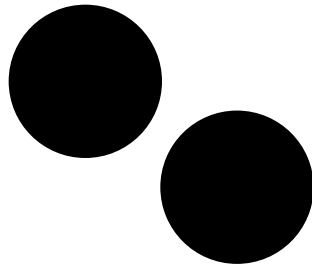
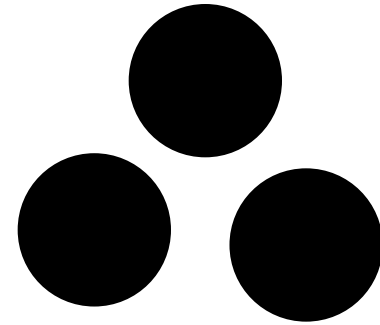
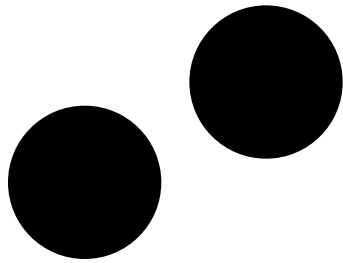


structured dot patterns



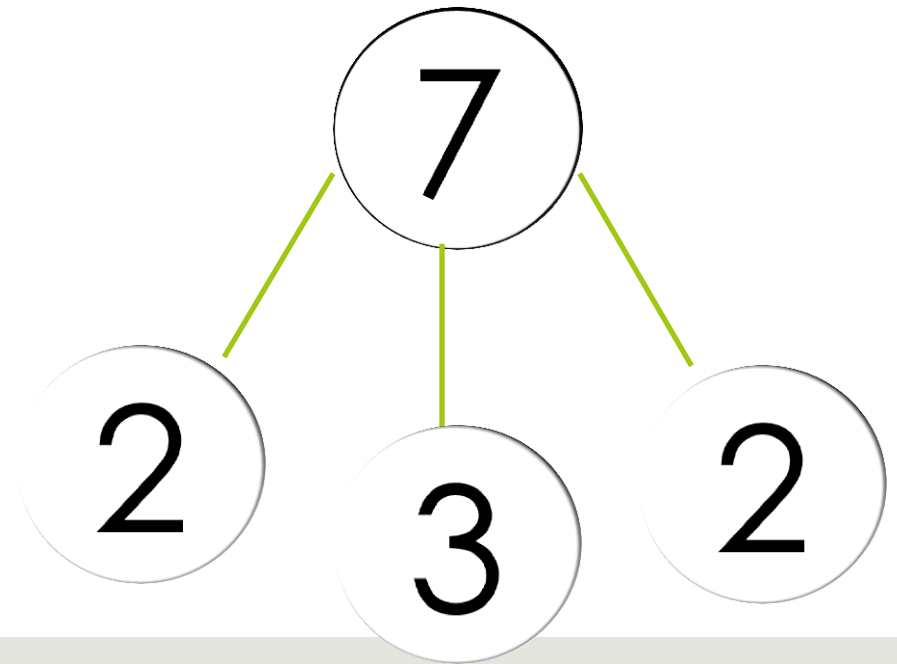
unstructured dot patterns

What do you see?

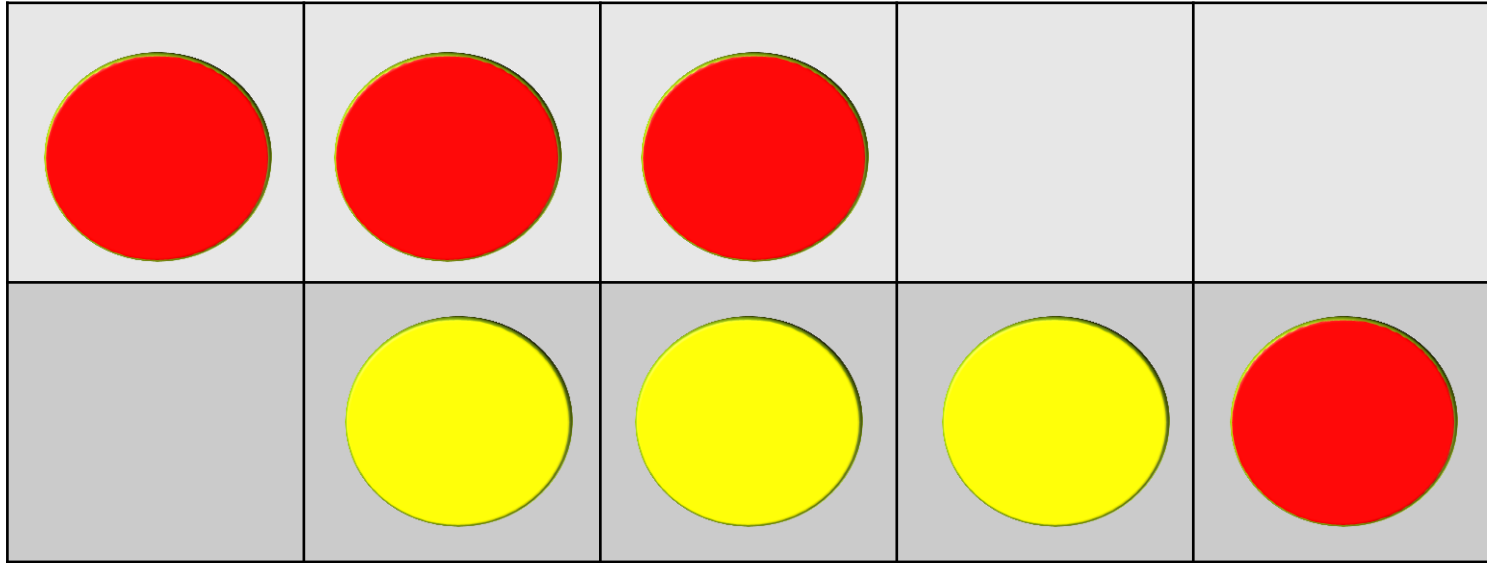


$$2 + 3 + 2 = 7$$

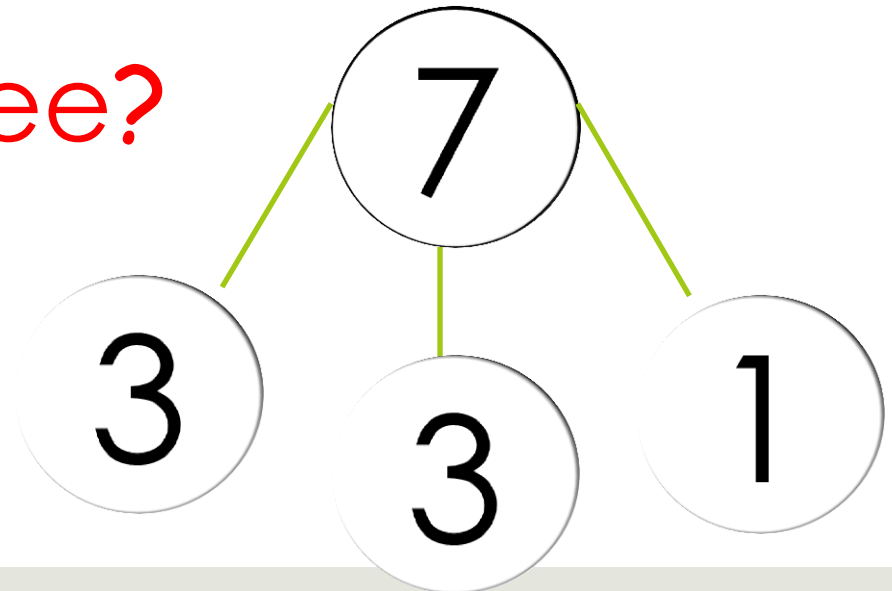
$$7 - 2 - 3 = 2$$



10s Frames

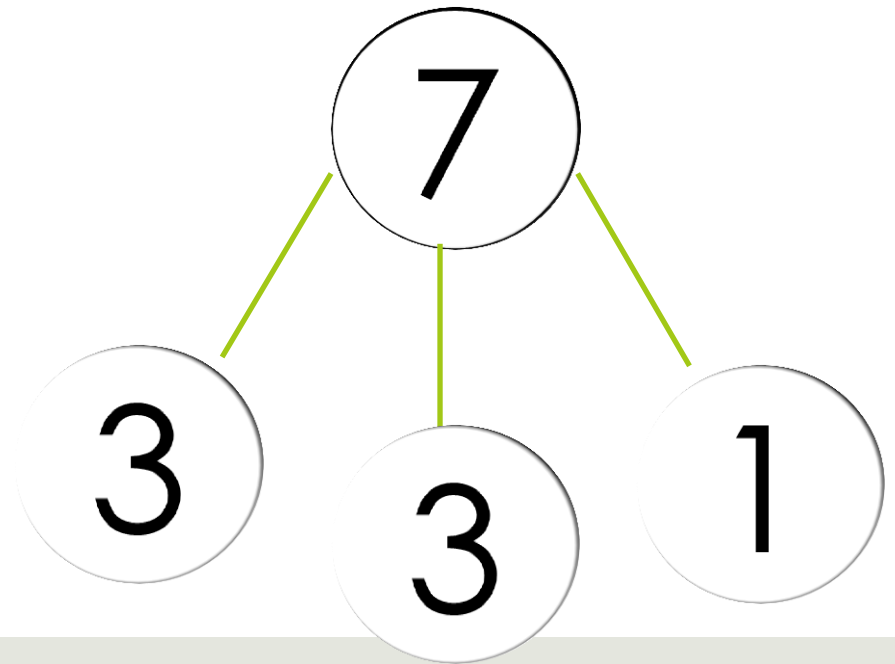


What do you see?



$$7 = 3 + 3 + 1$$

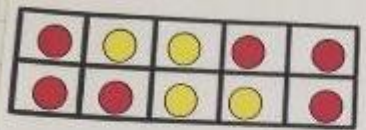
$$7 - 3 - 3 = 1$$



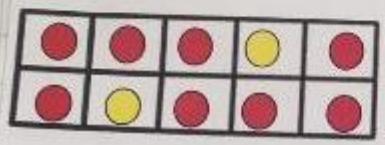
Examples of using 10s frame

LO- To record number sentences from the part-part-whole method.

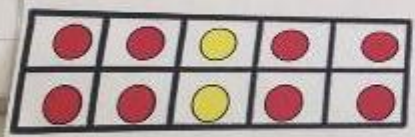
26/1/2016



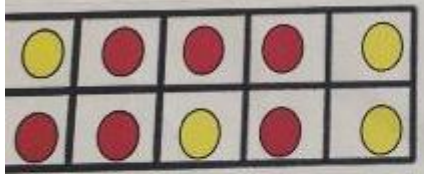
$3+4+3=10$ ✓ $3+3$
 $10-4-3=3$ ✓



$8+1+1=10$ ✓ $8+1$
 $10-1-1=8$ ✓

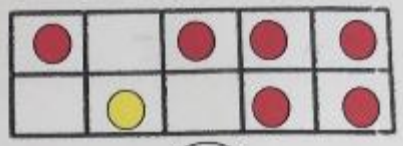
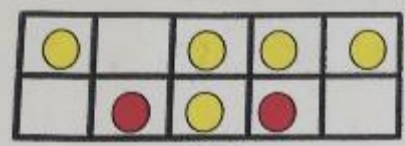


$4+2+4=10$ ✓ $4+2+4$
 $10-4-2=4$ ✓



$6+1+1+2=10$ ✓ $6+1+2$
 $10-1-6-2=1$ ✓

LO- To balance equations.

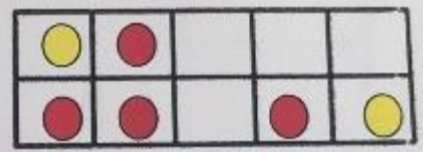
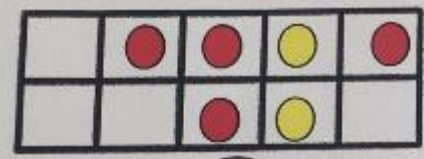


7

7

4 2
 $1+4+2 = 1+1+5$ ✓

1 5



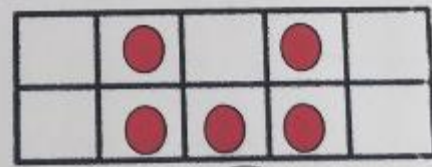
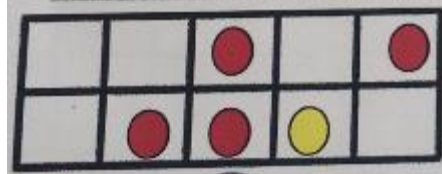
6

6

3 2 1

3 1 1 1

$3+1+2 = 3+1+1+1$ ✓



5

5

3 1 1

5 0

$3+1+1 = 5+0$ ✓

Dotzi!

Maths games!

- ▣ All maths games that involve dot patterns help with this.

Dominoes,

Snakes and Ladders,

Dice games etc.

Number Magnitude

Number to Position (NP) Task:



“The number line goes from 0 at this end to 1000 at this end. If this is 0 and this is 1000 where would you put 171?”

Number Magnitude

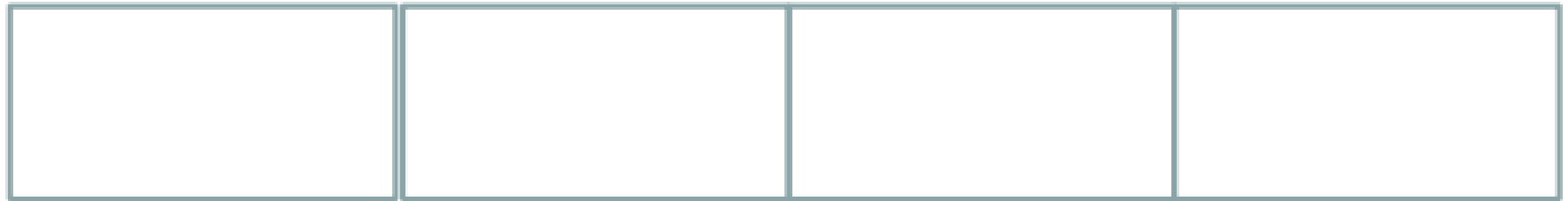
'Immature number line representation is linked to both lower mathematical performance but also with hindering learning of new mathematics'

(Booth & Siegler, 2008)

Number Magnitude in the curriculum

- Year 1- Up to 100
- Year 2- 3 digit numbers

Estimation Zones



0

100

Deconstructing and reconstructing

- Explicit teaching strategies

What could this number be?

What can't this number be?

This number could be...because...

This number can't be...because...

What could this number be?

This number could be...because...

What can't this number be?

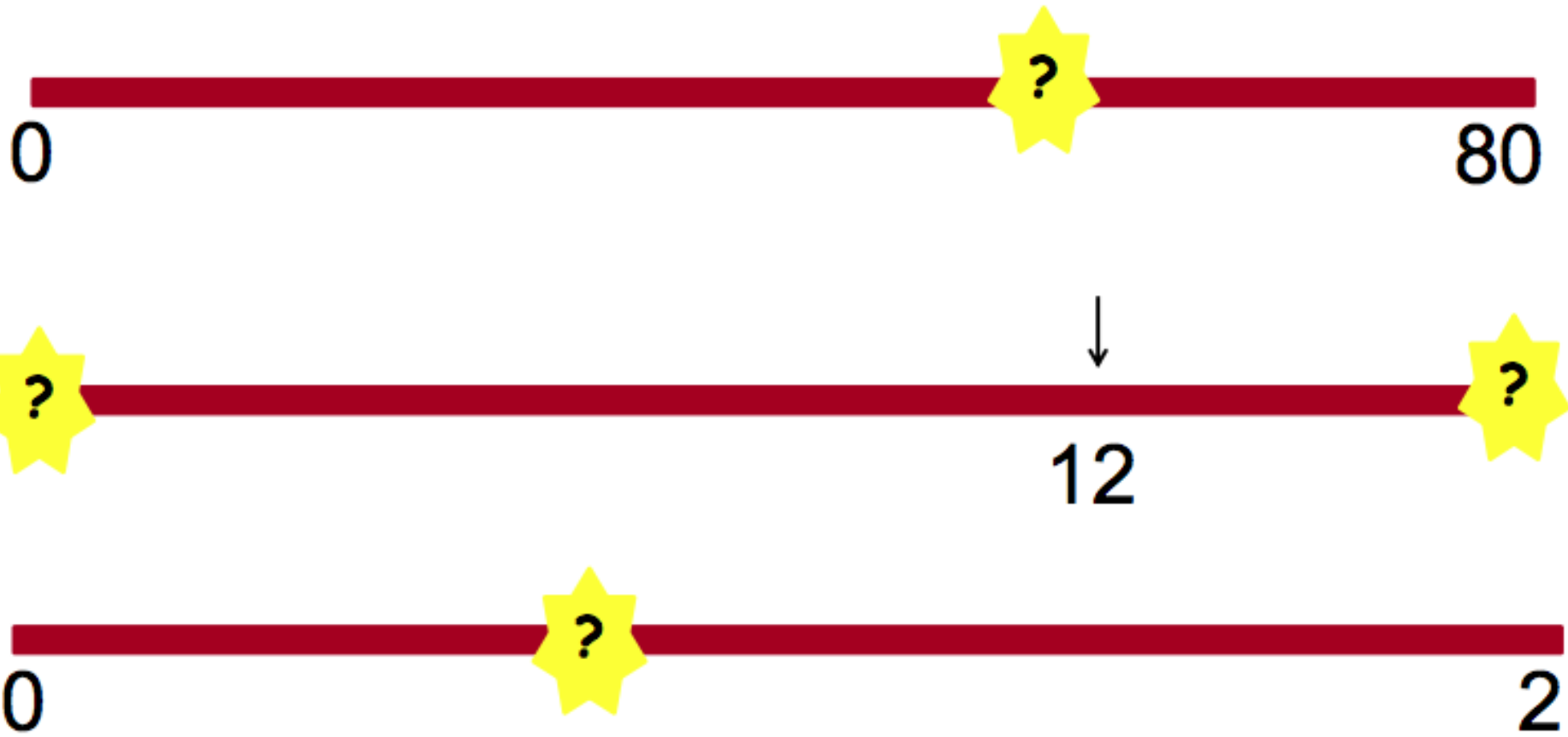
This number can't be...because...

Give me two ways to find this number.

Give me two ways of finding this number

Display board: Killigrew Primary

Number Magnitude



Mathematical strategies in the curriculum

■ Y2 end 2016

Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently and derive and use related facts to 100


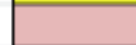




Fact Mastery

+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0+0	1+0	2+0	3+0	4+0	5+0	6+0	7+0	8+0	9+0
1	0+1	1+1	2+1	3+1	4+1	5+1	6+1	7+1	8+1	9+1
2	0+2	1+2	2+2	3+2	4+2	5+2	6+2	7+2	8+2	9+2
3	0+3	1+3	2+3	3+3	4+3	5+3	6+3	7+3	8+3	9+3
4	0+4	1+4	2+4	3+4	4+4	5+4	6+4	7+4	8+4	9+4
5	0+5	1+5	2+5	3+5	4+5	5+5	6+5	7+5	8+5	9+5
6	0+6	1+6	2+6	3+6	4+6	5+6	6+6	7+6	8+6	9+6
7	0+7	1+7	2+7	3+7	4+7	5+7	6+7	7+7	8+7	9+7
8	0+8	1+8	2+8	3+8	4+8	5+8	6+8	7+8	8+8	9+8
9	0+9	1+9	2+9	3+9	4+9	5+9	6+9	7+9	8+9	9+9

Fact mastery

+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0+0	1+0	2+0	3+0	4+0	5+0	6+0	7+0	8+0	9+0
1	0+1	1+1	2+1	3+1	4+1	5+1	6+1	7+1	8+1	9+1
2	0+2	1+2	2+2	3+2	4+2	5+2	6+2	7+2	8+2	9+2
3	0+3	1+3	2+3	3+3	4+3	5+3	6+3	7+3	8+3	9+3
4	0+4	1+4	2+4	3+4	4+4	5+4	6+4	7+4	8+4	9+4
5	0+5	1+5	2+5	3+5	4+5	5+5	6+5	7+5	8+5	9+5
6	0+6	1+6	2+6	3+6	4+6	5+6	6+6	7+6	8+6	9+6
7	0+7	1+7	2+7	3+7	4+7	5+7	6+7	7+7	8+7	9+7
8	0+8	1+8	2+8	3+8	4+8	5+8	6+8	7+8	8+8	9+8
9	0+9	1+9	2+9	3+9	4+9	5+9	6+9	7+9	8+9	9+9

Represent and use number bonds
Add and subtract one digit and two
digit numbers to 20, including zero.

	duplicates if children understand the commutative law
	closely related to the counting sequence
	doubles
	near doubles (+ / - 1 or 2)
	number bonds to 10
	pairs that are near to 10 or easy to count on or back to 10

Maths strategies

1/6

▣ Count all

e.g $5 + 2$

Child would count 5 then count 2 then count the numbers all together.

Maths strategies

2/6

▣ Count on/ back

e.g $4 + 3$

Child conserve 4 and would count on 3 more to find answer.

Maths strategies

3/6

■ Make 10

e.g $8 + 5$

Using prior knowledge, the child partitions 5 into 2 and 3.

e.g $8 + 2 + 3 = 13$

Maths strategies

4/6

▣ Doubles

e.g $3 + 3$

Maths strategies

5/6

▣ Near Doubles

e.g $3 + 4$

Maths strategies

6/6

□ Commutativity

e.g $1 + 10$

Reordering numbers to make the calculation easier ($10 + 1$).

Plenary

- Have a quick look through fluency feeders and discuss!